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ATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov OCT 3 0 2006 APPLICATION FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 10/772,768 02/04/2004 David A. Horwitz A-68983-2 (469443-65) 2359 RMS 7590 **EXAMINER** 10/10/2006 Richard F. Trecartin JUEDES, AMY E DORSEY & WHITNEY LLP ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER **Suite 3400** Four Embarcadero Center 1644 San Francisco, CA 94111-4187 DATE MAILED: 10/10/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/772,768	HORWITZ, DAVID A.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Amy E. Juedes, Ph.D.	1644
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	J. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 At 22 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-6 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-6 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o		
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document: application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The examiner of this application in the PTO has changed. To aid in correlating any papers for this application, all further correspondence regarding this application should be directed to Amy E. Juedes, Group Art Unit 1644, Technology Center 1600.

- 2. Applicant's amendment and remarks, filed 8/21/06, are acknowledged.
 - Claims 1-6 have been amended.
 - Claims 1-6 are pending and are being acted upon.
- 3. The objections to the title and abstract are withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendment.
- 4. The rejection of the claims under 112 second paragraph is withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendment.
- 5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 6. Claims 1-3 and 6 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102 (e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No: 6,685,936 (of record).

As set forth previously, The '936 Patent teaches suppressor T cells capable of treating (i.e. decreasing) transplant rejection (see in particular column 3, lines 14-15). Further, '936 Patent teaches suppressor T cells to be CD8+ T cells (see in particular column 8, lines 23-24). However, the '936 Patent does not teach the same process of making the claimed suppressor T cells. As regards to applicant's reliance upon product-by-process limitations within the claimed methods; it is noted

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that the patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985) See MPEP 2113. The claimed compound is the same compound as taught by the '936 patent irrespective of how it is made.

Applicant's arguments and declaration of inventor Horwitz, filed 8/21/06, have been fully considered, but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that, in contrast to the cells of the '936 patent, the instant cells have been shown to exhibit suppressive activity independent of CD8+ T cells. Applicant has supplied a declaration by inventor David A. Horwitz as evidence of this property of the instantly claimed cells.

The Horwitz declaration states that Examples 1 and 3 of the application describe CD4+ suppressor T cells prepared by the methods of the present invention, which have suppressive activity. The declaration further states that in contrast, the suppressive cells of the '936 patent require CD8+ T cells. However, the instant claims specifically encompass a population of suppressor T cells generated by culturing enriched CD8+ T cells. It is unclear how said suppressor cells could possibly be "independent of CD8+ T cells", when in fact they require CD8+ T cells as a starting material. The '936 patent teaches a population of CD8+ suppressor T cells capable of decreasing graft rejection, and thus meets all the limitations of the instant claims.

7. Claims 1-5 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102 (b) as being anticipated by Hall et al. (of record).

As set forth previously, Hall et al. teach CD4+ suppressor T cells capable of inhibiting restoration of transplant rejection (i.e. decreasing transplant rejection) (see in particular page 154, Summary, lines 7-8). Additionally, Hall et al. teach CD4+ suppressor T cells to be CD45R (see in particular page 152, 2nd paragraph, line 1) and that CD45R* cells to be naïve cells (i.e. naïve CD4+ T cells) (see in particular page 152, 2nd paragraph, lines 14-15). However, Hall et al. do not teach the same process of making the claimed suppressor T cells. As regards to applicant's reliance upon product-by-process limitations within the claimed methods; it is noted that the patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985) See MPEP 2113. The claimed compound is the same compound as taught by Hall et al., irrespective of how it is made.

Applicant's arguments and declaration, filed 8/21/06, have been fully considered, but they are not persuasive.

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Applicant argues that the cells taught by Hall et al. require CD8+ T cells to mediate their suppressive effect, as evidenced by the lack of prevention of graft rejection in CD8+ depleted recipients. Applicant further argues that in contrast, the instant cells exhibit suppressive activity independent of CD8+ T cells. Applicant has supplied a declaration by inventor David A. Horwitz as evidence of this property of the instantly claimed cells.

Hall et al. teach a population of suppressor cells that are CD4+. Hall et al. specifically teach that adoptive transfer of CD8+ T cells does not mediate suppression, rather CD4+ T cells alone suppress graft rejection (see page 144-145 and 150). Furthermore, Hall et al. teach that transfer of CD4+ suppressor cells prevents graft rejection in irradiated mice, which have been depleted of 95% of their CD8+ T cells (i.e. the CD4+ cells mediate suppression independently of CD8+ T cells, see Table IV and page 147). The example cited by Applicant involves an experiment where other radio-resistant CD8+ T cells were further depleted from recipient mice using an anti-CD8 antibody. Adoptive transfer of CD4+ suppressor cells in this instance results in a delay of graft rejection, but not complete protection (see Table V). Therefore, it is evident that in all aspects, the cells taught by Hall et al. do exhibit suppressive activity independent of CD8+ T cells. Firstly, the suppressive cells specifically reside in the CD4+ cell population, and not the CD8+ cell population. Furthermore, the CD4+ suppressor cells mediate suppression in irradiated hosts, which have been 95% depleted of endogenous CD8+ T cells. Additionally, in mice further depleted of radio-resistant CD8+ cells with and anti-CD8 antibody, the CD4+ suppressor T cells can still mediate a delay in graft rejection.

Furthermore, Applicant has provided even less evidence than the data presented by Hall et al. regarding the CD8+ independence of the cells of the instant claims. The Horwitz declaration cites Examples 1 and 3 of the application as evidence of CD4+ suppressor T cells that have suppressive activity independent of CD8+ T cells. Example 1 of the specification demonstrates CD4+ suppressor cells that inhibit recipient cytotoxic T cells (i.e. CD8+ T cells). Other than the fact that the cited suppressor cells are CD4+, and not CD8+ (which does not distinguish the instant cells from those of Hall et al.), it is not clear how the cells of example 1 exhibit suppressive activity "independent of CD8+ T cells". CD8+ T

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cells are present in the suppression assay of example 1, in contrast to the cited Hall experiment, which involves testing the cells in mice that have been depleted of radio-resistant CD8+ cells. Additionally, example 3 of the instant specification is only a prophetic example describing how CD4+ T cells are transferred to recipients, and does not discuss CD8+ depleted recipients as taught by Hall et al. Therefore, it is not clear how the evidence provided by Applicants indicates that the instant cells exhibit suppressive activity independent of CD8+ T cells, other than that the cells themselves are not CD8+, but CD4+. Hall et al. teach a population of CD4+ suppressor T cells that inhibit transplant rejection, even in CD8+ depleted mice, and thus meet all the limitations of the instant claims.

- 8. No claim is allowed.
- 9. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amy E. Juedes, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 571-272-4471. The examiner can normally be reached on 8am - 5pm, Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christina Chan can be reached on 571-272-0841. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Amy E. Juedes, Ph.D. Patent Examiner Technology Center 1600 September 14, 2006

G.R. EWOLDT, PH.D. PRIMARY EXAMINER

Substitute PTO/SB/08A (07-05) Approved for use through 07/31/2006. OMB 0651-0031

AUG' 2. 1 2006 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office: U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Under the Palawork Reduction Act 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it contains a valid OMB control number.

	Storiuse to 449/PTO		Complete if Known		
	INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT		Application Number	10/772,768	
IN			Filing Date	February 4, 2004	
S			First Named Inventor	Horwitz	
(use as many sheets as necessary)		Art Unit	1644		
		Examiner Name	Sanjoo Jalla		
Sheet	1	of	1	Attorney Docket Number	Docket A-68983-2 (469443-65)

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS					
					Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
A.T	A1	US-6368636	04-09-2002	McIntosh et al.	
AJ	A2	US-6875430	04-05-2005	McIntosh et al.	

	FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS						
Examiner Initials*	Cite No.1	Foreign Patent Document Country Code ² Number ⁴ Kind Code ⁵ (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	7⁵	
	B1						

	NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS				
Examiner Initials*	Cite No.1	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), data, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T ⁸		
AJ	C1	ZHENG et al. "CD4" and CD8" Regulatory T Cells Generated Ex Vivo with IL-2 and TGF-β Suppress a Stimulatory Graft-versus Host Disease with a Lupus-Like Syndrome <i>THE JOURNAL OF IMMUNOLOGY</i> , 2004, 172: 1531-1539			

Examiner Signature	/Amy Juedes/	Date Considered	09/14/2006

*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 809. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. 'Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). ² See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. ³ Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). ⁴ For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. ⁵ Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST. 16 if possible. ⁶ Applicant is to place a check mark here if English Language Translation is attached.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the complete application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending on the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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